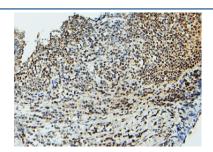


# **UBC9 Antibody / UBE2I (RQ5606)**

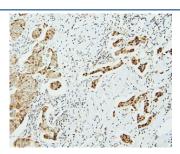
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ5606	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

## **Bulk quote request**

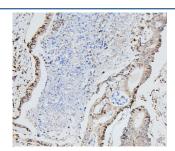
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purity	Affinity purified
Buffer	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose and 0.025% sodium azide
UniProt	P63279
Localization	Nuclear
Applications	Western Blot: 0.25-0.5ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE): 1-2ug/ml Immunofluorescence: 5ug/ml Flow Cytometry: 1-3ug/million cells Direct ELISA: 0.1-0.5ug/ml
Limitations	This UBC9 antibody is available for research use only.



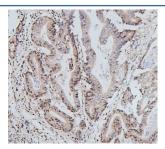
IHC staining of FFPE human tonsil with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



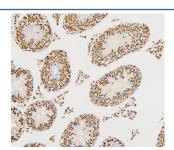
IHC staining of FFPE human breast cancer with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



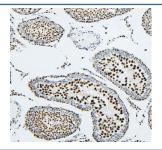
IHC staining of FFPE human colon cancer with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



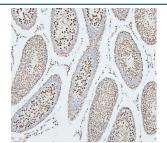
IHC staining of FFPE human colon cancer with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



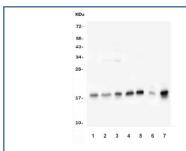
IHC staining of FFPE mouse testis with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



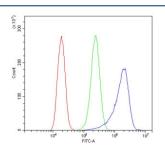
IHC staining of FFPE rat testis with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



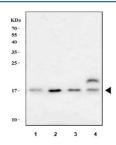
IHC staining of FFPE rat testis with UBC9 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH6, 10mM citrate buffer, for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Western blot testing of human 1) K562, 2) A549, 3) HepG2, 4) PC-3, 5) HEK293, 6) rat brain and 7) mouse Ana-1 cells with UBC9 antibody. Predicted molecular weight: ~17 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of human A431 cells with UBC9 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= UBC9 antibody.



Western blot testing of 1) human placenta, 2) human K562, 3) human HepG2 and 4) rat kidney tissue lysate with UBC9 antibody. Predicted molecular weight: ~17 kDa.

### **Description**

SUMO-conjugating enzyme UBC9 (UBE2I), also called UBC9, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the UBE2I gene. This gene encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. It is mapped to 16p13.3. UBC9 could fully complement the mutant phenotype of a yeast ubc9 mutant strain. This gene may play a similar role via interaction with WT1, which is able to impose a block to cell cycle progression in eukaryotic cells. What's more, it could support the growth of yeast ubc9 temperature-sensitive mutants at nonpermissive temperatures, indicating that the gene is a functional homolog of yeast ubc9. UBC9 is specifically associated with FHIT, such as FHIT may be involved in cell cycle control through its interaction with UBC9.

#### **Application Notes**

Optimal dilution of the UBC9 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

#### **Immunogen**

A human recombinant protein (amino acids K65-K146) was used as the immunogen for the UBC9 antibody.

#### **Storage**

After reconstitution, the UBC9 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4oC. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20oC. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.