

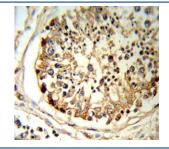
tPA Antibody / Tissue Plasminogen Activator (F49859)

| Catalog No. | Formulation | Size |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F49859-0.4ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml |
| F49859-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

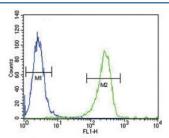
Bulk quote request

| Availability | 1-3 business days |
|--------------------|---|
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Format | Purified |
| Clonality | Polyclonal (rabbit origin) |
| Isotype | Rabbit Ig |
| Purity | Purified |
| UniProt | P00750 |
| Applications | Western Blot : 1:1000 IHC (Paraffin) : 1:10-1:50 Flow Cytometry : 1:10-1:50 |
| Limitations | This tPA antibody is available for research use only. |

| 130 | Western blot analysis of tPA antibody and A2058 lysate. |
|------|---|
| 72 | |
| 55 - | |
| 36 | |
| 28 | |
| | |



tPA antibody IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human testis tissue.



tPA antibody flow cytometric analysis of A2058 cells (green) compared to a negative control (blue). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary Ab was used for the analysis.

Description

TPA is a tissue-type plasminogen activator, a secreted serine protease which converts the proenzyme plasminogen to plasmin, a fibrinolytic enzyme. Tissue-type plasminogen activator is synthesized as a single chain which is cleaved by plasmin to a two chain disulfide linked protein. This enzyme plays a role in cell migration and tissue remodeling. Increased enzymatic activity causes hyperfibrinolysis, which manifests as excessive bleeding; decreased activity leads to hypofibrinolysis which can result in thrombosis or embolism.

Application Notes

Titration of the tPA antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 371-399 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this tPA antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the tPA antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.