

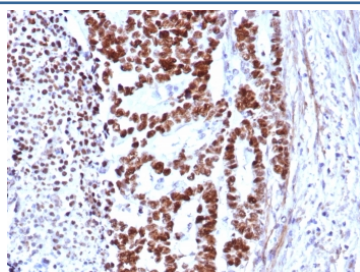
TP53 Antibody / p53 [clone rTP53/8579] (V4440)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V4440-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V4440-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V4440SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

Recombinant **MOUSE MONOCLONAL**

[Bulk quote request](#)

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, kappa
Clone Name	rTP53/8579
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	P04637
Localization	Nucleus
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT
Limitations	This TP53 antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human colon carcinoma tissue with TP53 antibody (clone rTP53/8579). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.

Description

Recognizes a 53kDa protein, which is identified as p53 suppressor gene product. It reacts with the mutant as well as the wild form of p53. It is a tumor suppressor protein expressed in a wide variety of tissue types and is involved in regulating cell growth, replication, and apoptosis. It binds to MDM2, SV40 T antigen and human papilloma virus E6 protein. Positive nuclear staining with p53 antibody has been reported to be a negative prognostic factor in breast, lung, colorectal, and

urothelial carcinoma. Anti-p53 positivity has also been used to differentiate uterine serous carcinoma from endometrioid carcinoma as well as to detect intratubular germ cell neoplasia. Mutations involving p53 are found in many malignant tumors, including breast, ovarian, bladder, colon, lung, and melanoma.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the TP53 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Recombinant full-length human protein was used as the immunogen for the TP53 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the TP53 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.