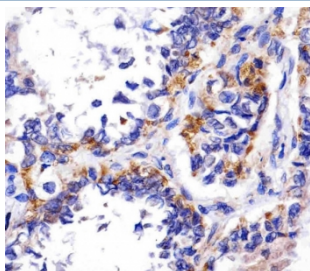


REDD-1 Antibody / DDIT4 (F54848)

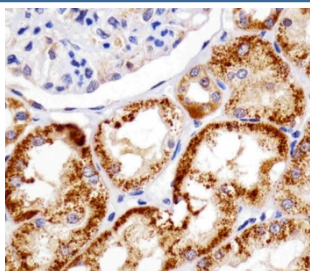
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
F54848-0.4ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.4 ml
F54848-0.08ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.08 ml

[Bulk quote request](#)

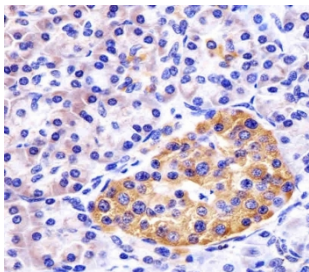
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Purity	Antigen affinity purified
UniProt	Q9NX09
Localization	Cytoplasmic
Applications	Western Blot : 1:1000-1:2000 Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1:25
Limitations	This REDD-1 antibody is available for research use only.



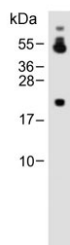
IHC testing of FFPE human adenocarcinoma tissue with REDD-1 antibody. HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min and allow to cool prior to staining.



IHC testing of FFPE human kidney tissue with REDD-1 antibody. HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min and allow to cool prior to staining.



IHC testing of FFPE human pancreas tissue with REDD-1 antibody. HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min and allow to cool prior to staining.



Western blot testing of human HeLa cell lysate with REDD-1 antibody. Predicted molecular weight ~25 kDa.

Description

REDD-1 is a novel transcriptional target of p53 induced following DNA damage. During embryogenesis, REDD-1 expression mirrors the tissue-specific pattern of the p53 family member p63, and TP63 null embryos show virtually no expression of REDD-1, which is restored in mouse embryo fibroblasts following p63 expression. In differentiating primary keratinocytes, TP63 and REDD-1 expression are coordinately downregulated, and ectopic expression of either gene inhibits in vitro differentiation. REDD1 appears to function in the regulation of reactive oxygen species (ROS); TP63 null fibroblasts have decreased ROS levels and reduced sensitivity to oxidative stress, which are both increased following ectopic expression of either TP63 or REDD-1. Thus, REDD-1 encodes a shared transcriptional target that implicates ROS in the p53-dependent DNA damage response and in p63-mediated regulation of epithelial differentiation.

Application Notes

The stated application concentrations are suggested starting points. Titration of the REDD-1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 20-49 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for the REDD-1 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the REDD-1 antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.