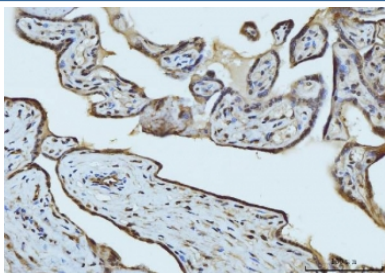


## RAE1 Antibody (RQ6674)

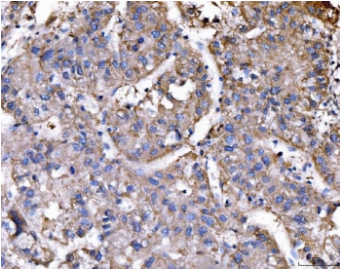
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ6674	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

**Bulk quote request**

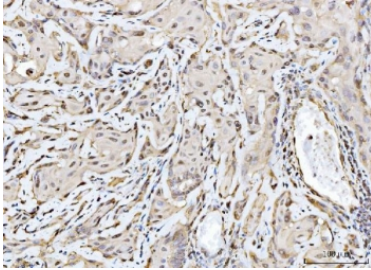
<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat
<b>Format</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Purity</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Buffer</b>	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose
<b>UniProt</b>	P78406
<b>Localization</b>	Cytoplasmic, nuclear
<b>Applications</b>	Western Blot : 1-2ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 2-5ug/ml Immunofluorescence (FFPE) : 5ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells Direct ELISA : 0.1-0.5ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This RAE1 antibody is available for research use only.



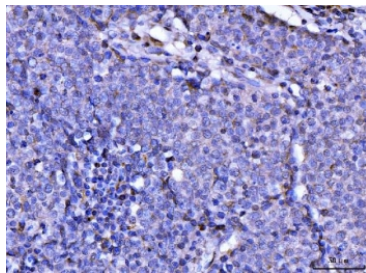
IHC staining of FFPE human placental tissue with RAE1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



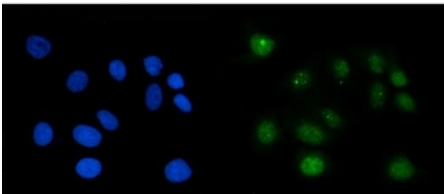
IHC staining of FFPE human liver cancer tissue with RAE1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



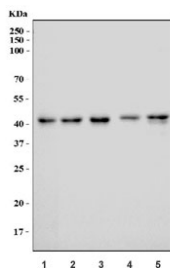
IHC staining of FFPE human gall bladder adenosquamous carcinoma tissue with RAE1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



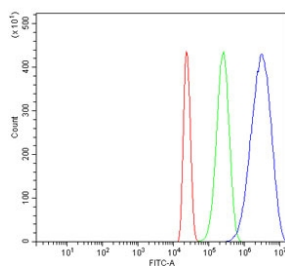
IHC staining of FFPE human lung cancer tissue with RAE1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Immunofluorescent staining of FFPE human MCF7 cells with RAE1 antibody (green) and DAPI nuclear stain (blue). HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min.



Western blot testing of 1) human HeLa, 2) human HepG2, 3) human 293T, 4) rat testis and 5) rat thymus tissue lysate with RAE1 antibody. Predicted molecular weight: ~41 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of human HL60 cells with RAE1 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= RAE1 antibody.

## Description

mRNA export factor is a protein that in humans is encoded by the RAE1 gene. Mutations in the *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* Rae1 and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Gle2 genes have been shown to result in accumulation of poly(A)-containing mRNA in the nucleus, suggesting that the encoded proteins are involved in RNA export. The protein encoded by this gene is a homolog of yeast Rae1. It contains four WD40 motifs, and has been shown to localize to distinct foci in the nucleoplasm, to the nuclear rim, and to meshwork-like structures throughout the cytoplasm. This gene is thought to be involved in nucleocytoplasmic transport, and in directly or indirectly attaching cytoplasmic mRNPs to the cytoskeleton. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the RAE1 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Recombinant human protein (amino acids Q76-K368) was used as the immunogen for the RAE1 antibody.

## Storage

After reconstitution, the RAE1 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.