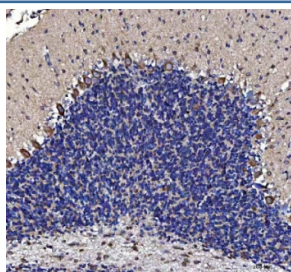


MTCL1 Antibody / Microtubule cross-linking factor 1 / KIAA0802 (RQ8420)

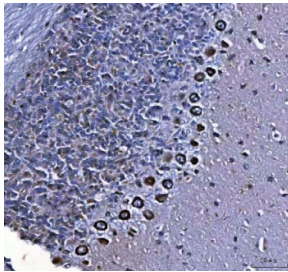
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ8420	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

Bulk quote request

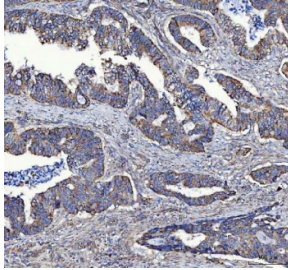
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purity	Antigen affinity purified
Buffer	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose
UniProt	Q9Y4B5
Localization	Cell membrane, cytoplasm, cytoskeleton
Applications	Western Blot : 0.5-1ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 2-5ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells ELISA : 0.1-0.5ug/ml
Limitations	This MTCL1 antibody is available for research use only.



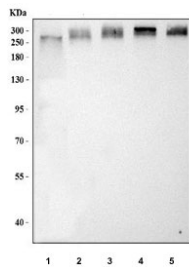
IHC staining of FFPE mouse cerebellum tissue with MTCL1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



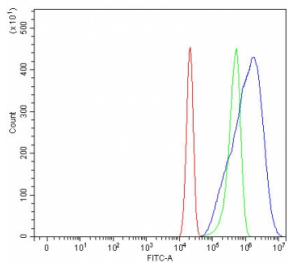
IHC staining of FFPE rat cerebellum tissue with MTCL1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



IHC staining of FFPE human colorectal adenocarcinoma tissue with MTCL1 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Western blot testing of 1) human RT4, 2) rat lung, 3) rat ovary, 4) mouse lung and 5) mouse ovary tissue with MTCL1 antibody. Predicted molecular weight ~210 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of fixed and permeabilized human U-2 OS cells with MTCL1 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= MTCL1 antibody.

Description

MTCL1 (microtubule cross-linking factor 1), also known as CCDC165 (Coiledcoil domain-containing protein 165), SOGA2 or MTCL1, is a 1,905 amino acid protein that localizes to the cell membrane, cytoplasm and cytoskeleton. MTCL1 is a microtubule-associated factor that plays a role in regulating polarization and microtubule dynamics as well as the development and maintenance of non-centrosomal microtubule bundles. MTCL1 is encoded by a gene that maps to chromosome 18 and is expressed as four isoforms due to alternative splicing events. Chromosome 18 encodes over 300 genes and contains about 76 million bases. Trisomy 18, or Edwards syndrome, is the second most common trisomy after Down's syndrome. Symptoms of Edwards syndrome include low birth weight, a variety of physical development defects, heart deformations and breathing difficulty. Translocation between chromosome 18 and 14 is the most common translocation in cancers, and occurs in follicular lymphomas. Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia and erythropoietic protoporphyria are associated with chromosome 18. The TGF β modulators, Smad2, Smad4 and Smad7 are encoded by chromosome 18.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the MTCL1 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

An E.coli-derived human recombinant protein (K884-D1522) was used as the immunogen for the MTCL1 antibody.

Storage

After reconstitution, the MTCL1 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.