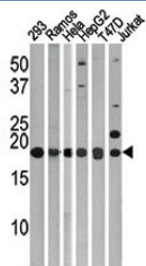


## LC3C Antibody / MAP1LC3C (F46128)

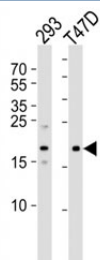
| Catalog No.   | Formulation                                | Size    |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------|---------|
| F46128-0.4ML  | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml  |
| F46128-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

[Bulk quote request](#)

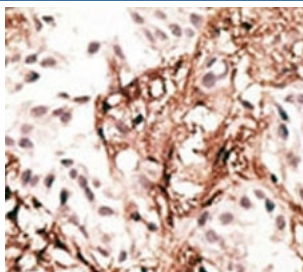
|                           |                                                        |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Availability</b>       | 1-3 business days                                      |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b> | Human                                                  |
| <b>Format</b>             | Purified                                               |
| <b>Clonality</b>          | Polyclonal (rabbit origin)                             |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | Rabbit Ig                                              |
| <b>Purity</b>             | Purified                                               |
| <b>UniProt</b>            | Q9BXW4                                                 |
| <b>Applications</b>       | Western Blot : 1:1000<br>IHC (Paraffin) : 1:50-1:100   |
| <b>Limitations</b>        | This LC3C antibody is available for research use only. |



Western blot testing of LC3C antibody.



Western blot analysis of using LC3C antibody at 1:1000.



IHC analysis of FFPE human breast carcinoma tissue stained with the LC3C antibody

## Description

Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation.

Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole).

MAP1A and MAP1B are microtubule-associated proteins which mediate the physical interactions between microtubules and components of the cytoskeleton. These proteins are involved in formation of autophagosomal vacuoles (autophagosomes). MAP1A and MAP1B each consist of a heavy chain subunit and multiple light chain subunits.

MAP1LC3c is one of the light chain subunits and can associate with either MAP1A or MAP1B. The precursor molecule is cleaved by APG4B/ATG4B to form the cytosolic form, LC3-I. This is activated by APG7L/ATG7, transferred to ATG3 and conjugated to phospholipid to form the membrane-bound form, LC3-II.

## Application Notes

Titration of the LC3C antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

## Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 1-30 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this LC3C antibody.

## Storage

Aliquot the LC3C antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.