

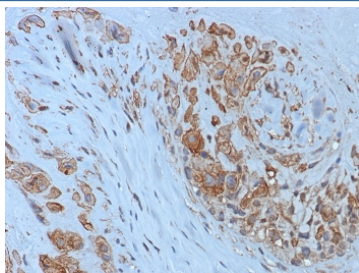
HLA-G Antibody [clone HLAG/8393R] (V5157)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V5157-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V5157-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V5157SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

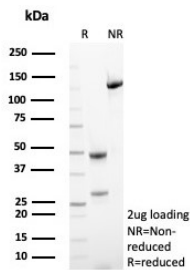
Recombinant **RABBIT MONOCLONAL**

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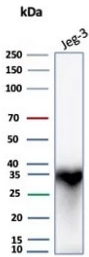
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG, kappa
Clone Name	HLAG/8393R
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	P17693
Localization	Cell surface
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT Western Blot : 2-4ug/ml
Limitations	This HLA-G antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human placental tissue with HLA-G antibody (clone HLAG/8393R).
 HIERS: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free HLA-G antibody (clone HLAG/8393R) as confirmation of integrity and purity.



Western blot testing of human JEG3 cell lysate with HLA-G antibody (clone HLAG/8393R). Expected molecular weight: 35-50 kDa depending on level of glycosylation.

Description

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC), human leukocyte antigen (HLA) molecules are cell-surface receptors that bind foreign peptides and present them to T lymphocytes. MHC class I molecules consist of two polypeptide chains, an α or heavy chain, and a non-covalently associated protein, Beta2-microglobulin. Cytotoxic T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class I molecules. Antigens that bind to MHC class I molecules are typically 8-10 residues in length and are stabilized in a peptide binding groove. MHC class II molecules are encoded by polymorphic MHC genes and consist of a noncovalent complex of an α and β chain. Helper T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class II molecules. MHC class II molecules bind 13-18 amino acid antigenic peptides. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM and -DO molecules regulate binding of exogenous peptides to class II molecules (HLA-DR) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. The differential structural properties of MHC class I and class II molecules account for their respective roles in activating different populations of T lymphocytes.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the HLA-G antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Purified His-tagged HLA-G protein was used as the immunogen for the HLA-G antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the HLA-G antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.