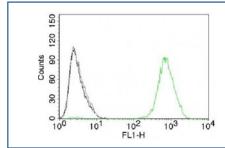


# EGFR Antibody [clone GFR450] (V2105)

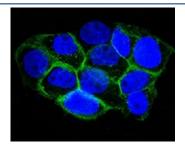
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V2105-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V2105-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V2105SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

## **Bulk quote request**

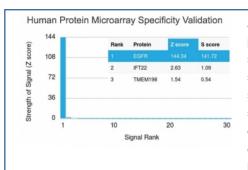
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG2a, kappa
Clone Name	GFR450
Purity	Protein G affinity chromatography
Buffer	1X PBS, pH 7.4
Gene ID	1956
Localization	Cell surface
Applications	Flow Cytometry : 1-2ug/10^6 cells Immunofluorescence : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This <b>EGFR antibody</b> is available for research use only.



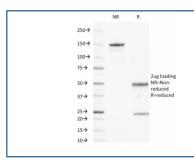
FACS testing of A431 cells with isotype control (gray), without primary antibody (black) and EGFR antibody (green, clone GFR450).



Immunofluorescent staining of A431 cells with Alexa Fluor conjugated EGFR antibody (green, clone GFR450) and DAPI nuclear stain (blue).



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using EGFR antibody (clone GFR450). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the GFR450 mAb.<BR>Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD&#39;s) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD&#39;s) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free EGFR antibody (clone GFR450) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

#### **Description**

This antibody recognizes a protein of 170kDa, identified as EGFR. EGFR is type I receptor tyrosine kinase with sequence homology to ErbB2, -3 -4 or HER2, -3 -4. It binds to Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF), Transforming Growth Factor-a (TGF-a), Heparin-binding EGF (HB-EGF), amphiregulin, betacellulin and epiregulin. EGFR is overexpressed in tumors of breast, brain, bladder, lung, gastric, head/neck, esophagus, cervix, vulva, ovary, and endometrium. It is predominantly present in squamous cell carcinomas.

## **Application Notes**

The concentration stated for each application is a general starting point. Variations in protocols, secondaries and substrates may require the EGFR antibody to be titered up or down for optimal performance.

1. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes.

#### **Immunogen**

The immunizing protein for this antibody was recombinant human EGFR.

#### **Storage**

Store the EGFR antibody at 2-8oC (with azide) or aliquot and store at -20oC or colder (without azide).

#### **Alternate Names**

ERBB1; Errp; HER1; mENA; PIG61; Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1; Receptor Tyrosine Protein Kinase; Urogastrone; wa2; Wa5, EGFR antibody, ERBB1 antibody

References (1)