

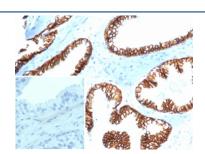
# Beta Catenin Antibody / CTNNB1 [clone CTNNB1/6807R] (V4978)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V4978-100UG	0.2~mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V4978-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V4978SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

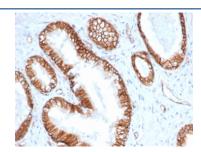
### Recombinant RABBIT MONOCLONAL

### **Bulk quote request**

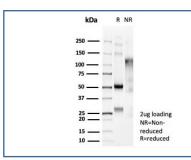
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG, kappa
Clone Name	CTNNB1/6807R
Purity	Protein A affinity
UniProt	P35222
Localization	Cell surface, Cytoplasm
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE): 1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT
Limitations	This Beta Catenin antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human prostate carcinoma tissue with Beta Catenin antibody (clone CTNNB1/6807R). Inset: PBS used in place of primary Ab (secondary Ab negative control). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



IHC staining of FFPE human prostate carcinoma tissue with Beta Catenin antibody (clone CTNNB1/6807R). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Beta Catenin (CTNNB1/6807R) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

## **Description**

Beta-catenin associates with the cytoplasmic portion of E-cadherin, which is necessary for the function of E-cadherin as an adhesion molecule. In normal tissues, beta-catenin is localized to the membrane of epithelial cells, consistent with its role in the cell adhesion complex. In breast ductal neoplasia, beta-catenin is usually localized in cellular membranes. However, in lobular neoplasia, a marked redistribution of beta-catenin throughout the cytoplasm results in a diffuse cytoplasmic pattern. Immuno-staining of beta-catenin and E-cadherin is helps in the accurate identification of ductal and lobular neoplasms, including a distinction between low-grade ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) and lobular carcinoma. Additionally, some rectal and gastric adenocarcinomas demonstrate diffuse cytoplasmic beta-catenin staining and a lack of membranous staining, mimicking the staining pattern observed with lobular breast carcinomas.

### **Application Notes**

Optimal dilution of the Beta Catenin antibody should be determined by the researcher.

#### Immunogen

A recombinant partial protein sequence (within amino acids 1-200) from the human protein was used as the immunogen for the Beta Catenin antibody.

#### **Storage**

Aliquot the Beta Catenin antibody and store frozen at -200C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.