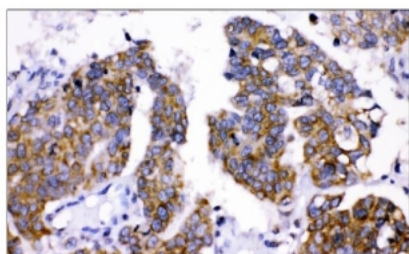


## AMHR2 Antibody (R32469)

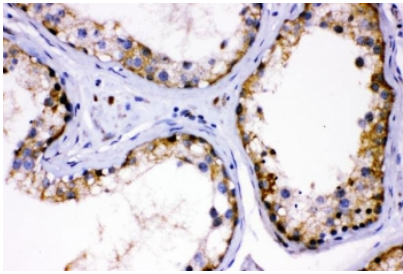
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
R32469	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

**Bulk quote request**

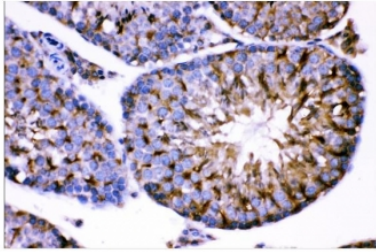
<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Format</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Purity</b>	Antigen affinity
<b>Buffer</b>	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2.5% BSA and 0.025% sodium azide
<b>UniProt</b>	Q16671
<b>Localization</b>	Nuclear, cytoplasmic
<b>Applications</b>	Western Blot : 0.5-1ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 2-5ug/ml Immunofluorescence : 5ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells
<b>Limitations</b>	This AMHR2 antibody is available for research use only.



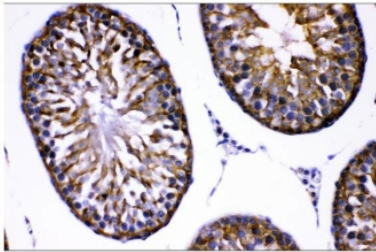
IHC staining of FFPE human ovarian cancer tissue with AMHR2 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



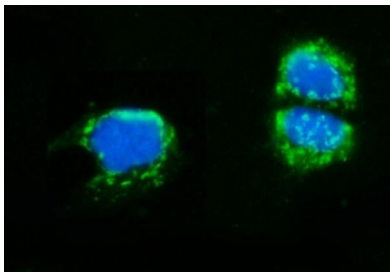
IHC staining of FFPE human testis cancer tissue with AMHR2 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



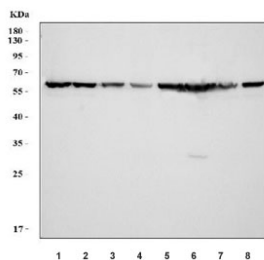
IHC staining of FFPE mouse testis tissue with AMHR2 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



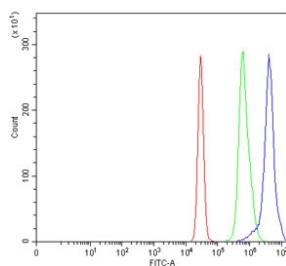
IHC staining of FFPE rat testis tissue with AMHR2 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Immunofluorescent staining of FFPE human Caco-2 cells with AMHR2 antibody (green) and DAPI nuclear stain (blue). HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min.



Western blot testing of human 1) 293T, 2) MCF7, 3) HL60, 4) Caco-2, 5) K562, 6) HepG2, 7) PC-3 and 8) A549 cell lysate with AMHR2 antibody at 0.5ug/ml. Predicted molecular weight: ~63 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of human K562 cells with AMHR2 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= AMHR2 antibody.

## Description

AMHR2 is the receptor for the anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) which, in addition to testosterone, results in male sex differentiation. AMH and testosterone are produced in the testes by different cells and have different effects. Testosterone promotes the development of male genitalia while the binding of AMH to the encoded receptor prevents the development of the mullerian ducts into uterus and Fallopian tubes. Mutations in this gene are associated with persistent Mullerian duct syndrome type II. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the AMHR2 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Amino acids QRYMAPELLDKTLDLQDWGMALRRADIYSLALLLWE were used as the immunogen for the AMHR2 antibody.

## Storage

Prior to reconstitution, store at 4oC. After reconstitution, the AMHR2 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4oC. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20oC. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.